

Tiakina Kauri Management Agency Annual Report

July 2024 - June 2025

Biosecurity New Zealand
Ministry for Primary Industries
Manatū Ahu Matua



Manager foreword

This annual report provides an update on the delivery of the National PA Pest Management Plan (NPMP), as a result of the government investment of \$32 million over five years - focusing on the progress made over the 24/25 financial year. This is also the final report for my time leading the Tiakina Kauri Management Agency, as I am retiring in October 2025.

I am very proud to report on the progress of implementing the NPMP which aims to protect Kauri from the PA pathogen. Through this programme, I have been constantly reminded that Kauri is not alone and that these trees are a pivotal part of a forest ecosystem. Having the NPMP allows effort to focus on the rākau (tree), which benefits the surrounding forest.

This is my fifth year at the helm of Tiakina Kauri and the fifth year since the inception of the Kauri Protection Programme - the successor of the Kauri Dieback Programme. The focus across the programme for 25/26 is locking in the benefits and knowledge gained over this time and providing tools to allow ongoing contributions to Kauri protection.

The funding provided for the NPMP over these past five years has made a significant contribution to Kauri protection. The main contributor to the success of this programme, however, are the people. The NPMP has enabled Māori to participate fully in Kauri protection, alongside and in collaboration with Crown, local and regional government and the scientific community - whose efforts extend beyond what is captured in this report.

This collaboration has created an energy that has allowed for information gaps to be filled and people to fulfil the responsibilities of being kaitiaki (guardians). It has also allowed for relationships between Tiakina Kauri and agencies to thrive, such as with Land Information New Zealand, the Department of Conservation, the Bioeconomy Science Institute and QEII Trust. Regional councils and Auckland Council have also delivered strongly across the board in community protection too. In addition, the potential of phosphite as a disease mitigation mechanism is now better researched and is looking very promising as a tool to reduce the impact and spread of PA.

Looking to the future, compliance with the NPMP is a key focus. We have been raising awareness over the past three years, both to 'Give Kauri Space to Grow' and 'Make Kauri Protection Second Nature'. Our next steps include working on the design of an accreditation system, in collaboration with agencies and others, to deliver a comprehensive compliance programme.

I leave the programme in good heart and positioned to continue to deliver strong Kauri protection.

Kauri Ora Mauri ora.



The national pest management plan

The National PA Pest Management Plan (NPMP) was created for the protection of Kauri from the *Phytophthora agathidicida* (PA) pathogen under the Biosecurity Act 1993. The objectives of the plan are to:

- (a) reduce the spread of PA;
- (b) maintain areas free of PA;
- (c) reduce the impact of PA within infected sites;
- (d) locally eliminate PA within infected sites;
- (e) protect Kauri with special value from PA; and
- (f) facilitate controlled access to Kauri forests where it does not compromise the future or protection of Kauri.

Tiakina Kauri, housed within Biosecurity New Zealand, is the management agency for the NPMP. The principal measures by which Tiakina Kauri will achieve these objectives are listed in Clause 9 of the regulation. These are diverse, acknowledging the diversity of forests, communities and risk factors.

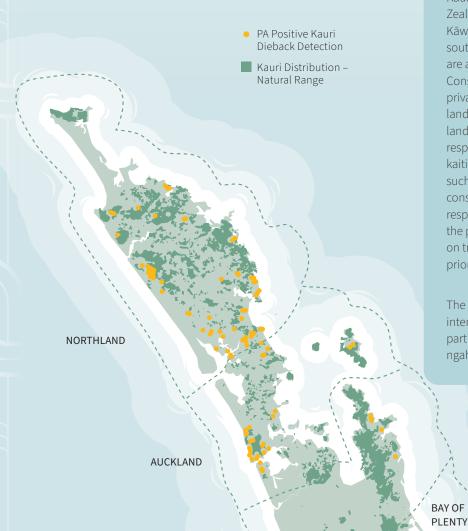
The measures include growing awareness and partnership, applying mātauranga Māori, increasing our knowledge of the location of Kauri trees and of the PA pathogen (including change over time), excluding stock and other animals from forests, managing forest access, upgrading tracks, performing hygiene protocols, and applying treatments to trees.

The 10 rules within the NPMP support these actions, with a focus on encouraging behaviours such as cleaning any items that could come into contact with the forest floor and undertaking spread mitigations during earthworks near Kauri and when growing Kauri. As the PA pathogen infects Kauri through their roots, we need to be especially careful to avoid the root zone or "Kauri hygiene zone", wherever possible – including mitigating roads and tracks that run through this area.

Partnership

Kauri naturally grow in northern New Zealand, above the 38th parallel – with Kāwhia and Kaimai marking the southern extent of Kauri. Kauri forests are administered by the Department of Conservation (about 41%), council and private landowners (about 47%), as Māori land (about 8%) and as other Crown land (about 4%). As there are a range of responsibilities over forests – including kaitiaki and regulatory responsibilities, such as biosecurity, biodiversity conservation and resource management responsibilities – strong partnerships with the parties involved are required, built on trust and mutual understandings of priorities and drivers.

The National PA Pest Management Plan is intended to bring together these many parties for the benefit of Kauri trees, ngahere (forest) and communities.



WAIKATO

Kauri protection programme at a glance

Significant progress against the National PA Pest Management Plan measures has been made as a result of funding allocated from FY21/22 onwards, including increasing:¹

the level of understanding of the distribution of PA across Kauri lands and Kauri forests:



2250

tree health surveys conducted

1757

soil samples taken

available access to capability, knowledge, and tools to support effective management of PA:

115

individuals accredited in hygiene practices

28

Kauri Ora plans in place 113

mātauranga Māori wānanga, hui and events hosted

36

scientific talks presented at wānanga, hui and events 8

projects in progress and completed, in line with science plan

78

individuals certified in relevant capabilities

the number of physical PA spread mitigations:

3,522
wild animals controlled

35

hygiene stations installed



63,330m

fencing installed to

the level of public and industry engagement in the management of PA:

93

workshops, sessions or fieldtrips run at schools, holiday programmes, universities and kura



90%

of people think it is important to protect Kauri

at least

709,000

people and businesses reached in FY24/25

¹ In future, we will have more information available on the level of compliance with the requirements of the Plan. The final measure, the level of resilience of Kauri in response to PA, is long term goal and can only be understood over decades or more.



Programme highlights FY24-25

There have been many great wins and achievements across Kauri Ora this financial year as a result of the \$4M investment of NPMP funding.

Kia whakamarumaruhia ai ō tātou ngahere Kauri mō ngā uri whakaheke.

We work together to protect and preserve our Kauri lands for future generations.

Supporting safe forest access

Ensuring safe and clean access to the ngahere (forest) is important for preventing the spread of PA. One key way to do this is to make sure visitor tracks keep dirt away from Kauri trees and roots. In FY24/25, more than 19.7km of track were upgraded, and 35 hygiene stations were installed in track entrances

• The Hillary Outdoors Marine & Conservation Centre was opened in February 2025, and is set amongst 340 hectares of regenerating native forest and has 2,500 attendees annually. Waikato Regional Council worked closely with the centre to train staff in biosecurity, the National Pest Management Plan and Kauri hygiene best practice. They also helped with the implementation of hygiene stations and equipment specific to meet the needs of the centre. A station was co-designed with Hillary management to accommodate 8-10 people at a time while ensuring that everyone was able to clean all the dirt off multiple pairs of shoes, and any walking equipment, such as tramping poles.



David Tommas, Hillary Outdoors Chairman tests the station. Credit Waikato Regional Council

 The Te Roroa Kauri Ora team was actively involved in supporting the Rākau Rangatira track upgrade project at Tāne Mahuta, particularly with construction and hygiene protocols for the construction team.

Fencing

Fencing is a valuable tool to keep animals and people out of areas that are at risk of PA spread or are PA positive.

- Bay of Plenty Regional Council invested in the fence adjoining to Sapphire Springs, a reserve that encompasses 32 hectares of lush native forest at the base of the Kaimai Ranges. This prevents animals entering the reserve and damaging the recently upgraded tracks. Every landowner that was engaged with had a positive response and was interested in upgrading their own fence infrastrucutre to prevent feral animals from exiting the Public Conservation Land onto private land.
- The Ngāti Kuri Taiao team, working within their rohe
 of the Far North, fixed barriers that were damaged by
 hunters that were letting cattle through (and installed
 cameras to try prevent further destructive behaviour.)
- Te Ara Hou Kennedy Bay Ltd installed 2.7km of waratah/ netting/barb wire fencing across a peninsula of coastal Kauri forest within the Coromandel. In addition, 37 feral cows were eradicated or removed from a herd of approximately 43. They are also working towards fencing PA positive sites to help prevent the spread. The Department of Conservation and Waikato Regional Council have supported this work, undertaking wild animal control in the surrounding area.



New fencing. Credit QEII Trust

Funding received by QEII Trust has enabled the assistance of private land owners to install or upgrade 12,452m of fencing between July 2024 and June 2025. One of the projects this year included replacing an old 622 metre fence with a new 8 wire post and batten stock proof fence to assist in keeping goats and potentially farm stock out of the bush which will help protect a large population of mature and young Kauri trees.

Supporting whole forest health

Looking after the whole health of the forest is vital for protecting Kauri.

- In January, Ngāti Kuri made an exciting discovery of a stand of mature Kauri trees. This is significant because no mature Kauri were previously known in this area; the closest stands are several kilometres away. This stand only became visible after extensive pest bush removal during recent track clearance. Other exciting discoveries include the expansion of the habitat of Pupu Whakarongotaua (native snail) and a new species of lichen that only grows on the bark of young Kauri.
- The Department of Conservation (DOC) has made some gains in pig control, which is one of the main species which can spread PA and damage delicate Kauri roots. This included refining the use of traps, trialling a pig specific poison called HOGGONE (sodium nitrate poison) and initiating the development of a best practice standard for exclusion fencing for wild pig management. Not all pig control methods will work for each forest so this approach means we can continue to control pigs in a way that works for each ngahere. DOC has also been engaging with local iwi across Kaurilands to get an understanding of pig control in their rohe and have culled over 1,000 pigs across the project.

Whaiwhia te kete mātauranga. Fill the basket of knowledge.

Building our collective knowledge and understanding of both PA and Kauri and then sharing this knowledge with others is key for the future of protecting these taonga (treasured) trees.

Knowledge building

Te Rarawa Kauri Ora rangers hosted the bi-annual Kauri Ora CoLab wānanga in Mitimiti which offered an opportunity for all other iwi and hapū working with Kauri in Te Tai Tokerau to attend and share knowledge of their mahi. A highlight of this event was the whakawhanaungatanga (relationship building) and a hike into the Warawara where participants saw many healthy stands of Kauri. Taking these opportunities to go into the ngahere (forest) helps to deepen the connection with the ngahere and learn about the mahi that rangers are doing.



arawa Kauri Ora Rangers undertaking boot cleaning ore entering the Warawara.

- While there is currently no cure for disease caused by PA, phosphite treatments are a promising tool for slowing the impact of PA on Kauri. Administering phosphite to a Kauri tree every four to six years has been shown to reduce the PA load, stop basal bleeds and can eventually lead to canopy regeneration. In addition to improving the health of treated trees, phosphite can also reduce the volume of PA in the environment, reducing the opportunities for PA spread. Over FY24/25, 594 trees were treated through a phosphite programme run by Northland Regional
- Te Roroa has been working on developing rongoā (traditional Māori medicine) practices, specifically relating to local purākau (stories). Work continues to explore ways in which rongoā can be applied to support the health of the land and Kauri forests. This work will be expanded on further as seasonal changes offer new opportunities for testing and refinement of these practices.

Education, awareness and partnership

Ngāti Wai Trust Board engaged with over 90 rangatahi (young people) from Te Kāpehu Whetū Charter School, He Puna Ruku Mātauranga o Whangaruru Kura ā Iwi, and Ngātiwai Alternative Education to share information about the Kauri Ora kaupapa. Later in the year, they continued this outreach with 40 students from Hurupaki School, Whangārei, and Ngātiwai Alternative Education. This focussed on passing down knowledge about Kauri Ora and the importance of Kauri trees, particularly to the younger generation. It will serve as a platform for deepening the involvement of rangatahi in conservation efforts and ensuring the continuation of this work in the future.

- Waikato Regional Council provided facilitator support to deliver the Kauri Programme in partnership with Enviroschools, reaching 20 schools and 1,252 students across the Waikato region. The programme engaged students from Year 3 to Year 11, focusing on Kauri protection and biosecurity awareness. Year 7 and 8 students at Te Rerenga School decided to take on board these learnings and implement their own protection programme in school to protect the Kauri on their school grounds. There was also an education pilot carried out at Bethlehem School focussed on Kauri protection with a Mātauranga Māori perspective.
- Through Mana Kuri (a school engagement and development programme), Te Kawerau a Maki talk about Kauri in every presentation and share the decision and process around rāhui, track design/ upgrades and research of kauri dieback, cause and protection. This has been presented to more than 70 schools. They also developed an education programme with the Arataki Education Team, where the tamariki (children) learn about Kauri protection before they go on a hīkoi (walk). The programme includes learning about Kauri identification, protection and cleaning stations.
- Tiakina Kauri ran a 'Make Kauri Protection Second Nature' campaign from April to early July 2025. The purpose of the campaign was to increase awareness and understanding of the National Plan's rules, along with best practice behaviours, among audiences with a high risk of spreading the PA pathogen. The campaign reached walkers, mountain bikers, hunters, trappers, plant nurseries, and farmers, as well as the forestry industry, general contractors, and regulators/ council planners. Highly targeted channels with tailored messaging were used to promote best practice behaviours for each audience, and the



Students using VR headsets. Credit Waikato Regional Council

- advertising was supported by updated informational resources on the Tiakina Kauri website. The tailored advertising successfully achieved a good mix of reach and engagement, delivering 14.5m digital advertising impressions cost-efficiently, and over a third more website visits than the 'Give Kauri Space to Grow' campaign. Website visitors were twice as engaged on the website overall than during the previous campaign
- In addition to the investments made directly from Tiakina Kauri, significant value has been derived from the commitment of partners and collaborators. The sharing of resources, including VR headsets, education trailers, health and safety equipment, transport and food, has supported collaborative and cost efficient outcomes for Kauri. In particular, mana whenua organisations have delivered significant local outcomes as a result of in-kind contributions, with hapū contributing \$57,000 in in-kind to the Kauri protection efforts of Te Whanau Taiao o Taemaro, as part of the Eastern CoLab in Te Tai Tokerau.



Principal measures (Section 9)

The principal measures of the NPMP provide the primary activities that will be carried out for the purpose of achieving the objectives of the plan and can be found in Section 9 of the

National PA Pest Management Plan Order in Council. The distribution of funding across these activities is shown below.

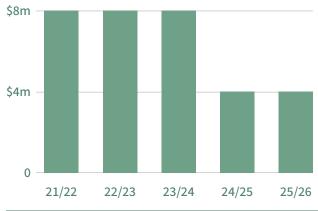
Investment by principal measurement FY 24/25



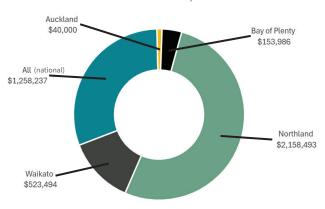
1	\$981,221	Awareness & partnership
2	\$1,375,322	Surveillance and monitoring
3	\$442,210	Applying mātauranga, science and research
4	\$63,564	Track infrastructure
5	\$302,469	Fencing and stock exclusion
6	\$252,469	Hygiene, movement and risk management

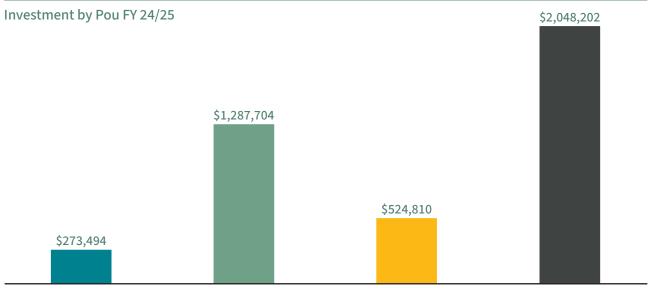
7	\$263,074	Wild animal management
8	\$80,500	Establishing Kauri protection areas
9	\$125,813	Effective treatments to Kauri
10	\$127,941	Protecting resilient and high value Kauri
11	\$119,627	Managing Kauri forest access

Funding level over time



Location of investment FY 24/25





Pou 1 Building capability and capacity of mana whenua to lead Kauri protection locally.

Increasing monitoring and surveillance over Kauri forests to support strategic Kauri protection decisions.

Pou 2

Leveraging scientific research and mātauranga Māori as part of operational management approaches.

Pou 3

Pou 4

On-the-ground Kauri protection works, including education, awareness and infrastructure that prevent the spread of the PA pathogen.

National Operational Plan

The current National Operational Plan (NOP) provides detail on how the National PA Pest Management Plan will be implemented between 2024–2032. The NOP specifies the objectives and priorities across three timescales – short, mid and long-term. This includes 30 short-term priorities, broken down by Pou and subsequent work stream, which encompass actions to be taken over FY24/25 and FY25/26. Progress against these priorities is detailed below.

Strategy, governance and reporting (4) Behaviour change (9) Strategy, governance and reporting (4) Matauranga Māori (2) Forest and risk management decision making (5)

Status of priorities

Completed - 4

Underway and on track - 20

Scheduled and on track - 2

Scheduled and delayed - 2

Deferred -2



Detail on FY 24/25 and 25/26 priorities - progress and status

All Pou

Workstream	Priorities over FY 24/25 and 25/26	Progress	Status
Strategy, governance and reporting	Refreshing the Governance Group Terms of Reference and ways of working.	A review has been underway, updates deferred.	Deferred
Strategy, governance and reporting	Reporting progress to Governance three times a year.	A Tiakina Kauri Management Agency manager report is provided to Governance three times a year.	Underway On track
Strategy, governance and reporting	Reporting to Minister and public yearly.	This report will be delivered to the Minister for Biosecurity and published on the Tiakina Kauri website.	Underway On track
Strategy, governance and reporting	Holding an annual regional hui to report back, on Kauri protection activities of partners and collaborators.	In late 2025, two successful regional hui were held in Northern and Southern Kauri lands. The Northern hui had around 45 attendees and 13 presentations on work being carried out within the Kauri Ora programme and with NPMP funding and the Southern has around 30 attendees and 8 presentations.	Completed
Data management and sharing	Establishing Kete Aronui as a comprehensive tool, that provides insights that aid operations and enables efficient information sharing, in line with agreed data sharing arrangements.	Kete Aronui is being accessed by 144 users and is a tool that holds information on PA sample results, Kauri locations and health and risk factors. It is being expanded to include survey design capabilities and operational and national dashboards.	Underway On track

Tou I - building capa	isincy and capacity of mana whenda to tea	d Kauri protection locally.	
Workstream	Priorities over FY 24/25 and 25/26	Progress	Status
Engagement, permission and collaboration	Supporting the establishment and success of mana whenua collaborations around Kauri – forest-based, regional and organisational.	The Kauri Ora iwi CoLab and Eastern collaboration of Kauri land mana whenua are being supported to undertake key Kauri protection activities in their rohe. A mana whenua driven strategic plan for Hauraki Kauri Protection activities is also under development and collaborative surveillance programmes have been supported.	Underway On track
Engagement, permission and collaboration	Developing a Mahi Tahi Strategy - a collective engagement and partnership plan, with mana whenua, councils and agencies.	An initial workshop session was held on what Mahi Tahi looks like in the Kauri Protection Programme – surfacing a healthy level of bottom-up collaboration within the programme. An engagement strategy is under development.	Underway On track
Capability building	Succession strategy developed, including a stocktake of existing programmes and resources.	Over the last financial year, 69 sessions were held with rangatahi in schools, universities, workshops or holiday programmes. A formalised succession strategy, consolidating the learnings from these programmes will be considered next financial year.	Deferred
Capability building	Develop and implement a training and career pathways programme, that supports mana whenua to lead operational and specialised roles in the Kauri Protection Programme.	A training programme is being delivered for strategic surveillance planning and reporting (to complement existing skillsets in undertaking soil sampling) and additional training to support mana whenua to undertake NPMP compliance roles are underway. Support has also been provided for Victoria University to work with Te Roroa to establish the first ever mana whenua run PA diagnostic laboratory.	Complete
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Workstream	Priorities over FY 24/25 and 25/26	Progress	Status
Monitoring and surveillance	Nationally formalise and standardise training protocols for surveillance field work.	Formalised national training protocols have been developed and finalised, these are being rolled out for the next operational season.	Complete
Monitoring and surveillance	Surveillance and monitoring programmes are being run by trained groups.	Eight programme-trained mana whenua groups have beer operating over FY24/25, collecting 513 samples (in addition to 142 samples carried out by contractors).	
Monitoring and surveillance	Priority forests have strategic surveillance plans that build a local and national picture and incorporate existing knowledge.	Six forest-based surveillance plans are in place and being carried out.	Underway On track
Monitoring and surveillance	Improving the speed and confidence of sampling and diagnostic testing used in the field and in the laboratory.	An oDNA test, based on PCR technology, has been developed by Victoria University of Wellington, with Tiakina Kauri supporting the development, validation and piloting of the test. If successful, this would increase the speed and sensitivity of the diagnostic testing.	Underwa On track
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		nart of operational management approaches	
Pou 3 - Leveraging so	cientific research and mātauranga Māori as	part of operational management approaches.	
	cientific research and mātauranga Māori as Priorities over FY 24/25 and 25/26	Progress	Status
Workstream			Status Underwa On track
Pou 3 - Leveraging so Workstream Mātauranga Māori Mātauranga Māori	Priorities over FY 24/25 and 25/26 Continued support for regional delivery of Mātauranga Māori leadership, guidance and	Progress 35 mātauranga Māori workshops were carried out	Underwa

Scheduled On track

A process for identifying promising research is to be developed and rolled out this financial year.

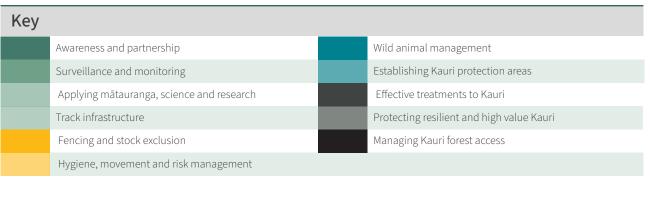
Collective engagement plan and investment plan developed, adjusted to lowered funding levels.

Science and research

Pou 4 - On-the-ground Kauri protection works, including education, awareness and infrastructure that prevent the
spread of the PA pathogen.

Status Underway On track Completed Scheduled Delayed Completed Underway On track
On track Completed Scheduled Delayed Completed Underway
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Investments initiated between July 2024 – June 2025





Pou	Organisation	FY 24/25	Principal Measure	Region
1	Te Ara Hou, Kennedy Bay Limited	\$ 203,494		Waikato
	Eastern mana whenua, Taemaro	\$ 20,000		Northland
	Eastern mana whenua, Te Amohia Taiao	\$ 10,000		Northland
	Te Ahi Kaa Training and Service Centre	\$ 40,000		Waikato
		\$ 273,494		

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Pou	Organisation	FY 24/25	Principal Measure	Region
2	Land Information New Zealand	\$ 265,000		All
	Te Roroa Commercial Development Ltd	\$ 163,736		Northland
	Te Rūnanga o te Rarawa Trustee Limited	\$ 127,610		Northland
	Ngātiwai Trust Board	\$ 96,176		Northland
	Ngātikuri Trust Board	\$ 87,181		Northland
	BioSense Ltd	\$ 180,000		All
	Eastern mana whenua, Puketi Forest Trust Board	\$ 65,000		Northland
	Northland Regional Council	\$ 148,000		Northland
	Ko Moehau Ki Tai / Pare Hauraki. T/a Ngati Maru Runanga Incorporated Moehau Ki Tai	gati Maru \$ 65,000	Waikato	
	Te Ara Hou, Kennedy Bay Limited	\$ 60,000		Waikato
	Eagle Technology	\$ 30,000.60		All
		\$ 1,287,703.60		

Pou	Organisation	FY 24/25	Principal Measure	Region
3	Te Roroa Commercial Development Ltd	\$ 51,167.5		Northland
ŭ	Te Rūnanga o te Rarawa Trustee Limited	\$ 19,141		Northland
	Ngātikuri Trust Board	\$ 13,077.50		Northland
	Eastern mana whenua, Puketi Forest Trust Board	\$ 11,000		Northland
	Ko Moehau Ki Tai / Pare Hauraki. T/a Ngati Maru Runanga Incorporated Moehau Ki Tai	\$ 5,000		Waikato
	Ngāti Hine	\$ 150,000	_	Northland
	Te Ara Hou, Kennedy Bay Limited	\$ 5,000		Waikato
	The Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington	\$ 150,997		Northland
	University of Canterbury	\$ 35,000		All
	Waikato Regional Council	\$ 35,000		Waikato
	Ngātiwai Trust Board	\$ 49,426.50		Northland
		\$524,809.50		
	111	777		111

Organisation	FY 24/25	Principal Measure	Region
Pikselin Limited	\$ 17,436		All
Te Roroa Commercial Development Ltd	\$ 412,772.5		Northland
Ngātiwai Trust Board	\$ 67,324		Northland
Ngātikuri Trust Board	\$ 88,530		Northland
Bay of Plenty Regional Council	\$148,424		Bay of Plenty
Biosecurity Research Ltd	\$ 70,000		All
Eastern mana whenua, Puketi Forest Trust Board	\$ 94,000		Northland
Frame Group Limited	\$ 80,000		All
Ko Moehau Ki Tai / Pare Hauraki. T/a Ngati Maru Runanga Incorporated Moehau Ki Tai	\$ 20,000		Waikato
Motion Sickness	\$ 285,000		All
Northland Regional Council	\$ 52,000		Northland
QEII National Trust	\$ 264,385.99		Northland
Te Ara Hou, Kennedy Bay Limited	\$ 25,000		Waikato
Te Kawerau a Maki	\$ 40,000		Auckland
Waikato Regional Council	\$ 65,000		Waikato
Mark Creative	\$ 36,000		All
Kaimai Kauri Limited	\$ 5,561.65		Bay of Plenty
Department of Conservation	\$ 88,300		All
Gavin Clapperton (T/A Kauriology)	\$ 80,000		All
Te Rūnanga o te Rarawa Trustee Limited	\$ 108,468		Northland
	\$2,048,202.14		
	Te Roroa Commercial Development Ltd Ngātiwai Trust Board Bay of Plenty Regional Council Biosecurity Research Ltd Eastern mana whenua, Puketi Forest Trust Board Frame Group Limited Ko Moehau Ki Tai / Pare Hauraki. T/a Ngati Maru Runanga Incorporated Moehau Ki Tai Motion Sickness Northland Regional Council QEII National Trust Te Ara Hou, Kennedy Bay Limited Te Kawerau a Maki Waikato Regional Council Mark Creative Kaimai Kauri Limited Department of Conservation Gavin Clapperton (T/A Kauriology)	Pikselin Limited \$17,436 Te Roroa Commercial Development Ltd \$412,772.5 Ngātiwai Trust Board \$67,324 Ngātikuri Trust Board \$88,530 Bay of Plenty Regional Council \$148,424 Biosecurity Research Ltd \$70,000 Eastern mana whenua, Puketi Forest Trust Board \$94,000 Frame Group Limited \$80,000 Ko Moehau Ki Tai / Pare Hauraki. T/a Ngati Maru Runanga Incorporated Moehau Ki Tai Motion Sickness \$285,000 Northland Regional Council \$52,000 QEII National Trust \$264,385.99 Te Ara Hou, Kennedy Bay Limited \$25,000 Te Kawerau a Maki \$40,000 Waikato Regional Council \$55,000 Mark Creative \$36,000 Kaimai Kauri Limited \$5,561.65 Department of Conservation \$88,300 Gavin Clapperton (T/A Kauriology) \$80,000 Te Rūnanga o te Rarawa Trustee Limited \$108,468	Pikselin Limited \$ 17,436 Te Roroa Commercial Development Ltd \$ 412,772.5 Ngātiwai Trust Board \$ 67,324 Ngātikuri Trust Board \$ 88,530 Bay of Plenty Regional Council \$148,424 Biosecurity Research Ltd \$ 70,000 Eastern mana whenua, Puketi Forest Trust Board \$ 94,000 Frame Group Limited \$ 80,000 Ko Moehau Ki Tai / Pare Hauraki. T/a Ngati Maru Runanga Incorporated Moehau Ki Tai i Motion Sickness \$ 228,000 Northland Regional Council \$ 52,000 QEII National Trust \$ 264,385.99 Te Ara Hou, Kennedy Bay Limited \$ 25,000 Te Kawerau a Maki \$ 40,000 Waikato Regional Council \$ 65,000 Mark Creative \$ 36,000 Kaimai Kauri Limited \$ 5,561.65 Department of Conservation \$ 88,300 Gavin Clapperton (T/A Kauriology) \$ 80,000 Te Rūnanga o te Rarawa Trustee Limited \$ 108,468